



CONTRIBUTING TO THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

The animal health industry makes an important contribution to global sustainability, particularly in those areas of the world that depend heavily on animals for their livelihood.

Healthy animals can help achieve 10 SDGs



1 NO POVERTY



5 of 6 most valuable commodities are animal-sourced foods (milk, eggs, poultry, pork, beef). Reducing animal disease reduces losses in livestock.

10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES



70% of income in poor countries comes from livestock. Increasing smallholder resilience and productivity helps reduce inequalities and creates a pathway out of poverty.

2 ZERO HUNGER



900 million people don't get enough protein. Animal medicines help improve food yields, contributing to the supply of affordable protein.

12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION



Up to 20% of global animal production is lost to disease. Vaccination ensures higher welfare, less illness and deaths, making more efficient resource use, and reducing the need to use antibiotics.

3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING



Livestock provides 18% of global calories and 25% of global protein. Vaccination and preventive animal health care creates more reliable food supplies.

13 CLIMATE ACTION



Healthy animals require less inputs (feed, water, energy and land use) and **represent a 30% reduction in emissions.**

5 GENDER EQUALITY



2/3 of livestock keepers in poor countries are women. Animal medicines can positively impact their livelihoods through increased incomes from farming.

14 LIFE BELOW WATER



Sustainable aquafarming provides over 50% of the global fish production. Fish vaccination enables more resource-friendly aquafarming.

8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH



Livestock is the fastest-growing economic sector in the developing world and innovation in animal health can increase livestock production.

15 LIFE ON LAND



The use of animal medicines **prevents the spread of animal diseases** and supports sustainable agriculture protecting biodiversity.